Read this manual before using product. Failure to follow instructions and safety precautions can result in serious injury, death, or property damage. Keep manual for future reference.

Part Number: 198201 R19
Revised: February 2020
New in this Manual

The following changes have been made in this revision of the manual:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Updated table describing the number of extra wind rigs required for side draw to support 24, 25, 26, 27 tiers</td>
<td>Section 5.8 – Number of Extra Wind Rings Needed for Side Draw on page 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Added side draw diagrams for 25, 26, 27 tier bins</td>
<td>Section 5.2.5 – Baffle Location — 23 to 27 Tiers on page 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Removed redundant content, and made changes to reflect that two baffle angles (195476) are required per baffle for all stiffened bins</td>
<td>where applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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1. Introduction

This manual describes how to assemble a Westeel Side Draw Discharge.

Before assembling, please read this manual. Familiarize yourself with the process and the necessary precautions for efficient and safe assembly.

Everyone present at the assembly site is required to be familiar with all safety precautions.

Keep this manual available for frequent reference and review it with new personnel. Call your local distributor or dealer if you need assistance or additional information.
2. Safety

2.1. Safety Alert Symbol and Signal Words

This safety alert symbol indicates important safety messages in this manual. When you see this symbol, be alert to the possibility of injury or death, carefully read the message that follows, and inform others.

Signal Words: Note the use of the signal words DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTICE with the safety messages. The appropriate signal word for each message has been selected using the definitions below as a guideline.

- **DANGER**
  Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in serious injury or death.

- **WARNING**
  Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death.

- **CAUTION**
  Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

- **NOTICE**
  Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

2.2. General Safety

It is the side draw discharge assembler and installation personnel’s responsibility to read and understand ALL safety instructions, safety decals, and manuals and follow them when assembling, operating, or maintaining the equipment.

- Only experienced personnel who are familiar with this type of assembly and installation should perform this work. Untrained assemblers/installers expose themselves and bystanders to possible serious injury or death.

- Do not modify the side draw discharge in any way without written permission from the manufacturer. Unauthorized modification may impair the function and/or safety. Any unauthorized modification will void the warranty.

- Follow a health and safety program for your worksite. Contact your local occupational health and safety organization for information.

- Contact your local representative or Westeel if you need assistance or additional information.
2.3. Personal Protective Equipment

The following Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be worn when installing the equipment.

**Safety Glasses**
- Wear safety glasses at all times to protect eyes from debris.

**Coveralls**
- Wear coveralls to protect skin.

**Hard Hat**
- Wear a hard hat to help protect your head.

**Steel-Toe Boots**
- Wear steel-toe boots to protect feet from falling debris.

**Work Gloves**
- Wear work gloves to protect your hands from sharp and rough edges.

2.4. Safety Decals

- Keep safety decals clean and legible at all times.
- Replace safety decals that are missing or have become illegible. See decal location figures that follow.
- Replaced parts must display the same decal(s) as the original part.
- Replacement safety decals are available **free of charge** from your distributor, dealer, or factory as applicable.

2.5. Decal Installation/Replacement

1. Decal area must be clean and dry, with a temperature above 50°F (10°C).
2. Decide on the exact position before you remove the backing paper.
3. Align the decal over the specified area and carefully press the small portion with the exposed sticky backing in place.
4. Slowly peel back the remaining paper and carefully smooth the remaining portion of the decal in place.
5. Small air pockets can be pierced with a pin and smoothed out using the sign backing paper.
2.6. Safety Decal Locations and Details

Replicas of the safety decals that are attached to the side draw discharge and their messages are shown in the figure(s) that follow. Safe operation and use of the side draw discharge requires that you familiarize yourself with the various safety decals and the areas or particular functions that the decals apply to, as well as the safety precautions that must be taken to avoid serious injury, death, or damage.

Figure 1. Safety Decals
2. SAFETY

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Read operator's manual and all safety decals before assembling, using, or servicing bin.
- Close/latch all access doors when not in use.
- Do not alter or modify bin structure.
- Replace any damaged components only with factory made components.
- This bin should only be used to store free flowing, granular material, unless specifically designed and marked otherwise.
- When filling, use top filler cap and direct material to center of bin.
- Do not over-fill bin. Material should not be in contact with or place pressure on roof sheets.

WARNING

Keep clear of all augers. DO NOT ENTER this bin!
If you must enter the bin:
1. Shut off and lock out all power.
2. Use a safety harness and safety line.
3. Station another person outside the bin.
4. Avoid the center of the bin.
5. Wear proper breathing equipment or respirator.
Failure to heed these warnings could result in serious injury or death.

WARNING

ENTRAPMENT HAZARD

Never enter the bin when loading or unloading grain.
If you must enter the bin:
1. Shut off and lock out all power.
2. Use a lifeline, safety harness, and have an observer outside before entering the bin.
3. Wear proper breathing equipment or a respirator.
4. Avoid the center of the bin.
Failure to heed these warnings could result in serious injury or death.

Part Number: 8110–00012

Part Number: 8110–00013

Part Number: 8110–00112
To prevent serious injury or death:
• Do not climb ladder if damaged, wet, icy, greasy, or slippery.
• Maintain good balance by having at least three points of contact at all times.

FALLING HAZARD
To prevent serious injury or death:
• Do not climb ladder if damaged, wet, icy, greasy, or slippery.
• Maintain good balance by having at least three points of contact at all times.

NOTICE
When equipped with aeration system, to prevent roof and/or bin damage:
• Use a minimum 1 square foot (0.1m²) opening for each 1000ft³/min (30m³/min) of air.
• Ensure all roof vents are open and unobstructed.
• Discontinue use of aeration fan if roof vents become obstructed with ice.
3. Before You Begin

3.1. Bin Design and Capacity

Standard Westeel Grain Bins are designed for:

1. Non-corrosive free-flowing materials up to 55 lbs/ft³ (880 kg/m³) average compacted bulk density.
2. Maximum horizontal gusted wind speed of 94 mph (151 km/h).

**Note**
Seismic resistance in grain bins varies with height and diameter. Many standard designs have significant seismic capabilities. Designs can be reviewed and/or modified to reflect local seismic requirements.

4. Roof loading capabilities vary with diameter, peak load and snow load.
   a. Peak Loads – standard peak loads follow. *Upgrades are available.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Type of Roof</th>
<th>Load (lbs)</th>
<th>Load (kg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15' to 24'</td>
<td>non-structural</td>
<td>4000 lbs</td>
<td>1814 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27' to 48'</td>
<td>non-structural</td>
<td>5000 lbs</td>
<td>2268 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51' &amp; 54'</td>
<td>non-structural</td>
<td>8000 lbs</td>
<td>3629 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48' to 108'</td>
<td>structural</td>
<td>20,000 lbs</td>
<td>9072 kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b. Roof Snow Loads (RSL) – at the above stated standard peak loads, standard RSLs vary with diameter and range from 16 psf (78 kg/m²) to 45 psf (220 kg/m²). *Upgrades are available.*

**Note**
The correlation between ground snow load (GSL) and roof snow load (RSL) for grain bin designs vary with jurisdictions. In the US GSL = 2 x RSL. In Europe GSL = 1.25 x RSL. In Canada the correlation between GSL and RSL varies and is site specific.

c. For maximum roof snow load capacities for various sizes and types of roofs, refer to the Roof Design Capacities sections that follow.
## 3.1.1 Roof Design Capacities for Non-Structural Roofs

### Table 2. Maximum Roof Snow Load at STANDARD Peak Load

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bin Series</th>
<th>Std Peak Load</th>
<th>Standard Roof</th>
<th>Plus Upgrade 1</th>
<th>Plus Upgrade 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>lbs (kN)</td>
<td>psf</td>
<td>kPa</td>
<td>psf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>4000 (17.8)</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>2.15</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>2.15</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>2.15</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>2.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>1.01</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>1.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>1.15</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>1.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.96</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>1.53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>1.10</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>1.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>1.15</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>1.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>1.05</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>1.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0.91</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>1.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>0.77</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>1.01</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>1.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.96</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>1.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>0.81</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>1.29</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3. Maximum Roof Snow Load at UPGRADED Peak Load

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bin Series</th>
<th>Upgraded Peak Load</th>
<th>Standard Roof</th>
<th>Plus Upgrade 1</th>
<th>Plus Upgrade 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>lbs (kN)</td>
<td>psf</td>
<td>kPa</td>
<td>psf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>8000 (35.6)</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>1.39</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>1.39</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>1.39</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>1.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>1.15</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>1.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>0.81</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>1.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>0.72</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>1.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>0.86</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>1.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>0.86</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>0.77</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>1.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>0.67</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>0.62</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>0.86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48*</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>0.77</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>1.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51*</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>0.67</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>1.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54*</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>0.62</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.96</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**

1. Standard roofs are adequate for many applications but additional capacity is available when optional upgrade packages are used.
2. Upgrade packages include roof stiffening rings and/or rib supports.
3. For peak load between standard and upgrade limits, a straight line interpolation can be used to determine maximum roof snow load.
4. *Structural roofs for 48' – 54' with rafters are available to support peak ring loads greater than loads on Table 3.
5. Higher level upgrade kits include all components from lower level kit; only one upgrade kit needs to be ordered for any given bin.
3.1.2 Roof Design Capacities for Structural Roofs

Table 4. Maximum Roof Snow Load at STANDARD Peak Loads

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bin Series</th>
<th>Std Peak Load</th>
<th>Standard Roof</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>lbs (kN)</td>
<td>psf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>20000 (89.0)</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>1.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>1.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>1.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>1.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>1.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>1.53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>105</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>1.53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>108</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>1.53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 5. Maximum Roof Snow Load at UPGRADED Peak Loads

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bin Series</th>
<th>Upgraded Peak Load</th>
<th>Standard Roof</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>lbs (kN)</td>
<td>psf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>60000 (266.9)</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>1.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>1.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>1.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>1.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>1.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>1.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>1.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>1.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>1.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>105</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>1.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>108</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>1.48</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note
Standard capacities are provided. Additional capacity is available with optional upgrades.

3.1.3 Roof Snow Load vs. Ground Snow Load

The Roof Design Capacity tables reflect roof snow load (RSL) values. These are design values. Often, comparisons are made to ground snow values (GSL). These are not the same. The conversion from GSL to RSL varies between jurisdictions and is governed by building codes:

- In the United States, for grain bins, GSL = RSL x 2
- In Europe, for grain bins, GSL = RSL x 1.25
• In Canada, for grain bins, the GSL/RSL conversion varies with every location across the country. However, for comparison purposes, the US conversion can be used as an approximation.

Therefore, when comparing against competitive GSL values in the US, double the above values. When comparing against competitive GSL values in Canada, double the above values for a reasonably close approximation.

### 3.2. Foundation Design and Loads

The foundations for the stiffened bin models are based on 4000 lbs. per sq. ft. (192 kPa) soil bearing capacity. All foundation designs use 3000 lbs. per sq. in. (21 MPa) ultimate compressive strength (after 28 days) for concrete and 43,500 lbs. per sq. in. (300 MPa) re-bar. The foundation designs included in this manual are suggestions only, and will vary according to local soil conditions. Westeel will not assume any liability for results arising from their use.

**Important**

Foundation should be uniform and level. Level should not vary by more than ¼” over a span of four feet under the bottom ring angle. Any variance from level must be shimmed under upright base assembly. If being utilized to support a full floor aeration system, this levelness requirement should extend across the complete floor area.

### 3.3. Site and Assembly

Unless otherwise specifically provided in writing, Westeel does not take responsibility for any defects or damages to any property, or injury to any persons, arising from or related to any site or assembly considerations, including but not limited to:

• Bin location and bin siting
• Soil conditions and corresponding foundation requirements (note that the examples provided in manuals are for specifically stated soil conditions)
• Bin assembly (Westeel recommends the use of qualified bin installers; contact Westeel for information on installers in your area)
• Field modifications or equipment additions that affect the bin structure
• Interconnections with neighboring structures
• Compliance with all applicable safety standards, including but not limited to fall restraint systems (ladders or other systems). Local safety authorities should be contacted as standards vary between jurisdictions.

### 3.4. Methods of Installation

The recommendations for assembling and installing Westeel grain bins must be closely followed to achieve the full strength of the bin and to achieve adequate weather sealing. The product warranty is void if:

1. Wall sheets and/or uprights not specified for a given tier are used.
2. Foundations are found to be inadequate or out-of-level.
3. Anchor bolts (cast-in-place, drill-in, chemical type or other) are found to be inadequate.
4. Off-center loading or unloading is used. (This does not apply to the use of approved side unloading systems.)
5. Materials stored are not free-flowing or have a compacted bulk density greater than 55 lbs/ft³ (880 kg/m³).
If using bin jacks during assembly, always lift on an upright. Choose a hoist with an adequate capacity for the expected empty bin deadload. Make sure the rated capacity of the hoist is not exceeded.

3.5. Cutting Openings in Wide-Corr® Grain Bins

This section provides instructions for cutting openings to accommodate fan transitions, unloading augers and roof vents.

General Rules for Cutting openings
1. Never cut any uprights, roof ribs, or wall sheet bolted vertical seams to create an opening.
2. Openings shall be located so equipment being installed won't interfere with any bin components/accessories.
3. Openings shall be minimized as much as possible for structural integrity of grain bins.
4. Corners in openings shall be cut with minimum radius of 1/8" to reduce stress concentration.
5. Openings shall be sealed all the way around for all weather conditions.
6. Instructions shall be followed closely to avoid damage to bin structure.
7. Except cutting openings described below, any other modification to Westeel bins shall be approved by a professional engineer.

Openings for Fan Transitions of Aeration Floors
1. Consult aeration floor installation instructions for information on Planning floor layout.
2. Openings shall be centered to a wall sheet in horizontal direction.
3. Opening shall be cut as tight as it can be for the transition to go through and shall have no more than 1/4" gap on any side to the section of a fan transition going through a bin wall.
4. Opening height for fan transition shall be limited to 12.5" inches from bottom edge of a bottom wall sheet.
5. Opening width shall not exceed 46.5" for stiffened bins and 72.5" for unstiffened bins.
6. Vertical support shall be required to support load above opening.
7. Bottom angles may be cut flush to the sides of an opening to form part of opening.

Openings for Unloading Augers of Wide-Corr® Bins with Full Floor Aeration
1. Consult aeration floor installation instructions for information on Planning floor layout.
2. Openings shall be centered to a wall sheet in horizontal direction.
3. Openings shall be cut as tight as it can be for unloading auger to go through and shall have no more than 1/4" gap to auger flange section on any side.
4. Opening height for any auger shall be limited to 12.5" from the bottom edge of a bottom wall sheet.
5. Vertical flange of a bottom angle may be cut flush to sides of an opening to form part of opening.

Openings for Roof Vents in Roof Sheets
1. Openings shall be centered between roof ribs and have 2.5" minimum distance between edge of opening and base of a roof rib.
2. Openings can be square, rectangular, or round.
3. Openings shall be the same size as the inlet opening of a vent being installed.
4. Any side of a square/rectangular opening shall have a maximum length of 18" and a circular opening shall have a maximum diameter of 24".

3.6. Guidelines for Side Draw Use

1. Intended for use with dry grain only. Do not use a side draw with poor flowing grain products.
2. Only one side draw may be used at one time.
3. If two side draws are used, they must be placed 180 deg apart from each other in the same ring.
4. Side draws are not considered the primary outlet. Standard center sumps and conveyors must be installed. After side draw use, unload from the center, then intermediate gates and sweep.
5. Side draw will leave grain in a sloped position creating off center loads. Before refilling, unload through the center sump so that the grain reaches equal wall heights all around the bin. Grain must be level or in a cone down position before adding more grain.
6. Do not unload from the side draw and center sump at the same time.
7. These systems are not intended for simultaneous fill and discharge.

3.7. Critical Assembly Requirements

To ensure a successful, safe and reliable outcome you must comply with the following assembly techniques and practices:

1. Comply with all local code and jurisdictional requirements applicable to your side draw discharge installation.
2. Design and build foundations with the necessary strength for the loads they must support, and for local soil conditions. Westeel foundation guidelines are based on specific stated conditions and may not be applicable to local conditions.
3. Your foundation must provide uniform and level support to the structure being supported. Surface imperfections causing gapping must be remedied. This may involve, but not be limited to a) grouting under the bottom ring of a non-stiffened bin or tank, and b) shimming under the uprights of a stiffened bin or tank, or under the legs of a hopper.
4. Make sure that the proper hardware is utilized for all bolted connections. If a shortage occurs, do not substitute. Take the necessary steps to obtain the proper hardware. Make sure nuts are tightened to the required torque values as specified in the appropriate assembly manual.
5. Comply with all assembly instructions provided in the appropriate assembly manual to make sure your whole side draw discharge is constructed safely. Important: Do not deviate from the wall sheet and upright layouts provided.
6. Before anchoring your structure to its foundation, make sure the structure is round. The maximum variation from perfect roundness is 3/4" on the radius. Locate anchor bolts toward the outside of the anchor bolt holes (away from the circle) to permit the incremental expansion that can occur with the initial filling.
7. When installing roof stiffening rings, if it is necessary to shorten the stiffening ring tubes, shorten them as little as possible. Initially the nuts on the expanders should be centered and as close together as possible. When tightening, share the amount of take-up between expanders such that the nuts remain centered, and the amount of engagement between all expanders on the same ring is equalized.
8. If extending an existing bin or tank, ensure that the foundation is adequate for the increased loads it must support.
9. If installing an existing bin on a hopper, make sure the bin is designed for a hopper application, and that the foundation is capable of withstanding the substantial point loads that the hopper legs apply. If uprights are present, make sure that they are supported.

10. Make sure that an integral end-to-end connection exists between all mating uprights. Successive uprights must not overlap.

11. Vertical tolerances between uprights and wall sheets are tight. This can be affected by “jacking” techniques, which can allow the tolerance to grow or shrink depending on the technique used. The gapping between successive uprights must be monitored to ensure that upright holes align with wall sheet holes.

12. If catwalks are being installed on the structure, upright catwalk upgrades are likely required. The upgraded stiffeners must be installed in the correct locations to support the intended catwalk loads. Also, the structure must be properly oriented to ensure the eventual correct alignment between the catwalks and the supporting uprights. Finally, the connectors that tie into the uprights and support the catwalks are best installed during assembly of the structure. See the catwalk assembly manual for additional details.

3.8. Product Storage

Rust on Galvanized Parts
1. White rust forms when moisture is allowed to collect on galvanized surfaces that have yet to develop the durable zinc oxide layer. This zinc oxide layer naturally occurs as the surface interacts with carbon dioxide, and is characterized over time by the dull grey appearance that weathered galvanized surfaces get.

2. Parts that are not well ventilated or well drained can collect water between surfaces and develop white rust.

3. White rust is not a structural concern if its development is stopped in the early stages. A light film or powdery residue can occur after a period of heavy rainfall or a short time of improper storage. If white rust has started to develop, separate parts and wipe off any moisture. Next, using a clean cloth, apply a thin layer of petroleum jelly or food-grade oil to the entire part.

4. If moisture is left on parts, this white rust can become more aggressive and turn into red rust. Red rust can cause degradation in the material and become a structural concern. Any parts that have red rust should be replaced immediately.

Storage Guidelines
- Keep all bundles dry before assembly of the bin.
- Start assembly as soon as possible.
- Do not lay bundles on the bare ground. Raise all bundles 6" to 8" off the ground on wood blocks or timbers. (See Detail A in Figure 2 on page 17.)
- Store curved wall sheets ‘hump-up’. (See Detail A in Figure 2 on page 17.)
- All other bundles material should be placed so that they are well sloped to promote good drainage. (See Detail B in Figure 2 on page 17.)
- Roof sheets must be elevated at least 12" at the small end of the sheets. (See Detail B in Figure 2 on page 17.)
- Temporary storage can be provided by erecting a simple framework supporting a waterproof tarp. (See Detail C in Figure 2 on page 17.)
- All bin boxes, ladder boxes and hardware boxes should be stored inside. These are not waterproof, and will deteriorate in normal weather conditions, allowing moisture to contact the parts inside.
Figure 2. Product Storage

If Parts Become Wet

1. If parts become submerged or wet, the bundles should be opened as soon as possible, sheets or material separated and dried. Keep separated until assembly.

   Brace parts properly so as to avoid damage or injury from material falling when in storage. (See Detail D in Figure 2 on page 17.)

2. Any boxed parts that become wet should be dried and stored in a new box that is free of moisture.

3. In addition to wiping down wall sheets, a food-grade oil can also be applied with a clean, lint-free cloth. This will assist in preventing any further moisture from contacting the galvanizing on the steel. Due to safety concerns with installation and use, Westeel does not recommend the use of oil on other parts such as roof sheets and safety ladders.

3.9. Grain Bin Use

- Do not off-center unload a grain bin. It is imperative to unload from the center of the bin first, until as much grain as possible has been removed, and only then proceed to unload from the next closest unload gate to the center. Continue utilizing the unload gates in succession from the center towards the outside. Gate control mechanisms should be clearly marked and interconnected to prevent an external gate from being opened first.

- The only exception to center unloading is when a properly designed and installed side draw system is utilized. However, as bins tend to go out of round when employing side draws, the bin must be completely emptied before refilling.

- When unloading a bin with a mobile auger through a properly designed auger chute, the entry end of the auger should be pushed into the center of the bin before the auger is engaged. Slower rates of flow are preferable and should not exceed the capacity of an 8” auger.

- Ensure that the inner door panels of grain bin doors are completely closed and latched before filling the grain bin.

- Never enter a loaded grain bin for any reason. Grain can be a killer.

3.10. Important Notes

- Westeel does not provide a foundation design for this product, and is not liable for any damages or injuries related to inadequately designed or constructed foundations. Customers must contract professional services for all foundation design and construction work.

- In order to maintain your wall sheets in good condition separate sheets and allow air circulation between them. Store sheets in a dry place. Do not store sheets with sheet ends pointing upwards.

- To keep an even pressure on walls, the bin must always be unloaded from the centre.

- Contact local power officials for minimum power line clearance.
• See Section 3.7 – Critical Assembly Requirements on page 15 for mandatory siting and assembly requirements.

• Store only non-corrosive, free-flowing materials up to 55 lbs/ft³ (880 kg/m³) average compacted density in Westeel bins.

• Tighten all bolts to the recommended torque settings.

• Do not locate grain bins close to high buildings, which might cause snow to fall onto or build up on the roof of the grain bin. Consider future expansion and allow space for loading and unloading of the bin. Your dealer and local government agricultural consultants can help you plan your storage system for maximum efficiency.
4. Preparation

4.1. Check Shipment

Unload the parts at the assembly site and compare the packing slip to the shipment. Ensure that all items have arrived and that none are damaged.

Report damaged parts or shortages immediately to the delivering carrier, followed by a confirming letter requesting inspection by the carrier, if required. Order any replacement parts immediately to ensure that assembly will not be held up by missing parts. All parts will be charged for and credit will be issued by party at fault. No credit will be issued if freight bills are signed as received in good condition.

4.2. List of Tools and Equipment

Use quality tools and equipment. Use them safely, and correctly, for their intended use. Tools for this application should include:

**Tools**
- Electric or pneumatic (air) impact tools
- Power drill and drill bits
- Sockets (multiple 9/16" and 1/2" sockets recommended)
- Large-pocket carpenter pouch
- 8" (20 cm) metal punches (for aligning bolt holes)
- Step and extension ladders, construction grade
- 6-point wrenches (Imperial, box end)
- Metal-cutting saw suitable for cutting roof rings and wind rings
- Scaffolding
- Centre-post bin stand
- Crane and/or bin jacks

**Minimum Recommended Safety Equipment**
- A properly-stocked first-aid kit
- Eye, foot, head, and hand protection (safety glasses, steel-toed boots, hard hat, work gloves)
- Cable, chain, or rope to tie-off bin or jacks in case of wind
- Body harness and lifeline (for use where falling hazard exists)
- Ground fault interrupt protected electrical hook-ups

4.3. Order Optional Equipment

Optional equipment such as unloading augers, aeration equipment, anchor bolts, foundation sealant, external ladders, safety cage and platforms, etc., should all be on site and checked before assembly starts. Plan your installation in advance. For details, see assembly instruction supplied with optional equipment.
5. Assembly

Before continuing, ensure you have completely read and understood this manual’s Safety section, in addition to the safety information in the section(s) below.

5.1. Assembly Safety

**WARNING**

- Do not take chances with safety. The components can be large, heavy, and hard to handle. Always use the proper tools, rated lifting equipment, and lifting points for the job.
- Carry out assembly in a large open area with a level surface.
- Always have two or more people assembling the side draw discharge.
- Make sure you have sufficient lighting for the work area.
- Tighten all fasteners according to their specifications. Do not replace or substitute bolts, nuts, or other hardware that is of lesser quality than the hardware supplied by the manufacturer.
- Stay away from overhead power lines and other obstructions during assembly. Contact with power lines can cause electrocution.
- Do not work in high winds.
5.2. Side Draw Baffle Location Details

See the following setup pages for location details

Figure 3. Side Draw Baffle Orientation

Note
For all stiffened bins, install 2 baffle angles (195476) per baffle as instructed.

Important
Baffles must all be aligned vertically with each other.
5.2.1 Baffle Location — 7 to 10 Tiers

Use the following baffle layouts to ensure that the discharge opening is centered to the wall sheet.

Figure 4. 7 to 10 Tiers
5.2.2 Baffle Location — 11 to 14 Tiers

Use the following baffle layouts to ensure that the discharge opening is centered to the wall sheet.

Figure 5. 11 to 14 Tiers
5.2.3 Baffle Location — 15 to 18 Tiers

Use the following baffle layouts to ensure that the discharge opening is centered to the wall sheet.

**Figure 6. 15 to 18 Tiers**
5.2.4 Baffle Location — 19 to 22 Tiers

Use the following baffle layouts to ensure that the discharge opening is centered to the wall sheet.

**Figure 7. 19 to 22 Tiers**
5.2.5 **Baffle Location — 23 to 27 Tiers**

Use the following baffle layouts to ensure that the discharge opening is centered to the wall sheet.

**Figure 8. 23 to 27 Tiers**
### 5.2.6 Baffle Installation Notes

When installing baffles, the flanges on the baffles will sometimes lay across the horizontal wall sheet seams and come up against the protruding bolt shanks. By tightening the baffles there will be localized interference which pushes the wall sheet outwards at this location. When this occurs, reverse the bolt to avoid interference.

1. For all stiffened bins, install 2 baffle angles (195476) per baffle (bridge vertically between baffles).

2. Some bins with side discharge systems must have extra wind rings installed. Consult bin installation manual for location and quantity of wind rings.

3. Center all sidedraw components horizontally between uprights.

#### Figure 9. Sample Layout

- Outlet opening must be centered in the middle of the wall sheet
- Baffles must be oriented with the narrow end of the opening facing up as shown

**Important**

Orient the baffles with the narrow end of the opening at the top. Catastrophic bin failure could result if the baffles are installed incorrectly.
5.3. Side Draw Discharge Opening Location

Figure 10. Side Draw Opening Location and Dimensions

1. Use a side draw reinforcing sheet as a template to mark up the discharge opening and drill 13/32" bolt holes (if applicable, refer to Section 5.5 – Side Draw Reinforcing Sheet Installation (15’ — 54’ Bins) on page 29)

OR

2. Cut the discharge opening as per the dimensions for the size of outlet used. (See Section 5.3 – Side Draw Discharge Opening Location on page 28.)

The outlet opening must be centered vertically on the wall sheet and horizontally between the uprights.

3. Be sure to round the corners with a minimum 1-1/2" (38mm) radius as shown in Section 5.3 – Side Draw Discharge Opening Location on page 28. (Square corners may initiate cracking in the wall sheet)

Important: Do not cut the opening through horizontal or vertical wall seams

4. Drill 13/32" (10mm) baffle mounting holes 22" apart horizontally and on 8" vertical centers down the bin wall on the inside crown of the corrugation. These holes must be in vertical alignment.

5. Install baffle sections with 3/8" grade 8.2 bin bolts.

6. Reverse any horizontal seam wall sheet bolts that line up with the baffles, so that the bolt head is on the inside of the bin.

5.4. Discharge Opening Procedure
7. Take the sealing washer off the head and install it between the outside of the wall sheet and the nut, to maintain the seal. Failure to turn the bolts around can lead to them interfering with the baffles and distorting the wall sheets.

8. Align flanged outlet opening with bottom of wall sheet opening.

9. Hold the outlet in place and drill 7/16” (11mm) holes in the bin wall sheets to match the outlet.

10. Attach the flanged outlet with 3/8” gr.2 bolts. (Holes may not match the corrugation exactly.)

11. Use caulking between the bin wall and the flange outlet to ensure the connection is weather-tight.

If the discharge outlet is located where two laminated wall sheets are used, an alternative reinforcing method will be required.

Consult Westeel Engineering for further details on your specific application.

### 5.5. Side Draw Reinforcing Sheet Installation (15’ — 54’ Bins)

For some bin models a shorter reinforcing sheet needs to be added behind the opening to reinforce this area. The following illustrations show the installation procedure.

1. Remove the center horizontal bolts, top and bottom.
2. Remove some existing horizontal seam bolts from the wall sheet that receives the side draw outlet.
3. Align and bolt the reinforcing sheet on to the wall sheet.

**Figure 11. Side draw reinforcing sheet orientation and assembly**

4. Re-attach the horizontal bolts.
5. Field drill 13/32” mounting holes using the retrofit sheet as a template.
6. Use the retrofit sheet as a template to cut discharge opening and mounting holes.
Figure 12. Side draw opening using the retrofit sheet as a template

7. Caulk around the retrofit sheet
8. Insert 3/8 x 1.5" bolts through the wall sheet and the retrofit sheet
9. Field drill the remaining assembly holes (13/32") using the reinforcing sheet as a template.
10. Install 3/8 X 1.5" bolts and nuts.
11. Cut out the discharge opening using the retrofit sheet as a template.
12. Attach the discharge assembly to the outside and the last baffle to the inside.

**Note**
The side draw reinforcing sheet can be used for all applications where the flanged outlet is penetrating an 8–gauge wall sheet or less.

5.6. Side Draw Reinforcing Sheet Installation (60’ — 108’ Bins)

For some bin models a shorter reinforcing sheet needs to be added behind the opening to reinforce this area. The following illustrations show the installation procedure.

1. Remove the center horizontal bolts, top and bottom.
2. Remove some existing horizontal seam bolts from the wall sheet that receives the side draw outlet.
3. Align and bolt the reinforcing sheet on to the wall sheet.
Figure 13. Side draw reinforcing sheet orientation and assembly

4. Re-attach the horizontal bolts.
5. Field drill 1/2” mounting holes using the retrofit sheet as a template.
6. Use the retrofit sheet as a template to cut discharge opening and mounting holes.

Figure 14. Side draw opening using the retrofit sheet as a template

7. Caulk around the retrofit sheet
8. Insert 7/16 x 1.5” bolts through the wall sheet and the retrofit sheet.
9. Field drill the remaining assembly holes (1/2") using the reinforcing sheet as a template.
10. Install 7/16 X 1.5” bolts and nuts.
11. Cut out the discharge opening using the retrofit sheet as a template.
12. Attach the discharge assembly to the outside and the last baffle to the inside.

Note
The side draw reinforcing sheet can be used for all applications where the flanged outlet is penetrating an 8–gauge wall sheet or less.
## 5.7. Remaining Capacity after Side Draw Discharge (Bushels)

### Table 6. Remaining Capacity after Side Draw Discharge

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bin Diameter</th>
<th>Outlet In Second Tier</th>
<th>Outlet in Fifth Tier</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>4,900</td>
<td>9,100</td>
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<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>6,600</td>
<td>11,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>8,600</td>
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<td>11,000</td>
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<td>17,100</td>
<td>28,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>20,800</td>
<td>33,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>29,700</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>108</td>
<td>281,900</td>
<td>366,100</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Values listed are the approximate volume of grain remaining in the bin after maximum emptying from side draw discharge and are based on the following:

- Bottom baffle located in center of wall sheet as noted on previous page.
- 1.244 Cu.Ft./Bushel
- 5% compaction
- 27 degree angle of repose
5.8. Number of Extra Wind Rings Needed for Side Draw

| Dia. | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | Wind Ring kit p/n |
|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------------|
| 24   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232301          |
| 27   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232302          |
| 30   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232303          |
| 33   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232304          |
| 36   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 2  | 2  | 2  | 2  | 232305          |
| 39   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 2  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232306          |
| 42   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 2  | 2  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232307          |
| 45   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 2  | 1  | 2  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232308          |
| 48   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 2  | 1  | 2  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232309          |
| 51   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 2  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232310          |
| 54   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 2  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232311          |
| 60   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232312          |
| 66   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232313          |
| 72   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232315          |
| 75   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232319          |
| 84   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232319          |
| 90   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232321          |
| 96   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232323          |
| 102  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232325          |
| 105  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232331          |
| 108  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 232327          |

Westeel – Ag Growth International ("Westeel") warrants products that it has manufactured and/or that are branded with its name (the "goods") subject to the following terms and limitations, (the "warranty"): 

Duration of Warranty

This warranty will run from the date of purchase from the dealer or distributor, authorized by Westeel. The duration of the warranty is limited as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Type</th>
<th>Warranty Duration</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Galvanized Bins</td>
<td>5 years</td>
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<tr>
<td>EasyFlow2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Westeel Fans</td>
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<td>Floors</td>
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<td>Paint</td>
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</table>

Limitation of Remedies Replacement

Within the warranty period, Westeel will replace the goods and/or original manufactured components thereof which are found, to Westeel's satisfaction, to be defective. Westeel is not responsible for direct, indirect, special, consequential, or any other damages of any kind, including personal injury to any individual, howsoever caused, including caused by transportation of the goods for repair or replacement.
**Procedure for Obtaining Service**

In the event of a warranty claim, the purchaser must complete any and all information required by Westeel in order to properly assess or investigate the claim. Westeel will not be responsible for the removal of any of the goods found to be defective, or transportation charges to and from Westeel’s authorized dealer or distributor, or for installation of any replacement goods and/or parts furnished under the warranty.

**Limitations as to Scope of Warranty**

The warranty does not extend to defects or damage caused, in whole or in part, by:

1. use of a kind and/or to a degree not reasonably expected to be made of the goods;
2. improper storage of the goods both prior to and after purchase;
3. damage caused by, or in the course of, installation or assembly;
4. any use of the goods which is not an intended use as specified in Westeel's published product literature, or otherwise specified by Westeel in writing;
5. any equipment attached to or used in conjunction with the goods;
6. any field modifications or substitutions to original bin components;
7. inadequate ventilation or any other circumstance not in keeping with proper maintenance and/or use of the goods;
8. Acts of God, accident, neglect or abuse of the goods by the purchaser and/or any other individual or entity; or
9. Any use or installation inconsistent with Westeel’s Standard Disclaimers.

**Limitations as to Manufacturer**

The warranty does not cover products sold by Westeel that are not manufactured by Westeel. In those circumstances, the purchaser is referred to the manufacturer of those products.

**Limitation of Implied Warranties and Other Remedies**

To the extent allowed by law, neither Westeel nor its dealers, nor any company affiliated with Westeel makes any warranties, representations, or promises as to the quality, performance, or freedom from defect of any Product covered by this Warranty.

**WESTEEL HEREBY DISCLAIMS, TO THE EXTENT APPLICABLE, ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. A PURCHASER’S ONLY REMEDIES IN CONNECTION WITH THIS WARRANTY ARE THOSE SET FORTH IN THIS WARRANTY. IN NO EVENT WILL WESTEEL, ITS DEALERS, OR ANY COMPANY AFFILIATED WITH WESTEEL BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES.**

Some jurisdictions do not allow waivers of certain warranties, so the above waivers may not apply to you. In that event, any implied warranties are limited in duration to ninety (90) days from delivery of the products. You may also have other rights which vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction.

**Exclusive Warranty**

This warranty is the only warranty provided by Westeel and all other warranties and/or commitments, whether express or implied and no matter by whom made, statutory or otherwise, are subsumed and replaced by it and are of no legal effect. If any provision of the warranty is held by a court of
competent jurisdiction to be void or unenforceable, in whole or in part, such provision shall be
deemed severable and will not affect or impair the legal validity of any other provision of the
warranty.